DISTRICT PROFILE – CHAMARAJANAGAR DISTRICT (Karnataka)

No. of Blocks
5

Area (Km²)
5648

GSDP (Base year 2011-12) (in Crores)

- Current: 1730991 (7.15 YoY Growth)
- Constant: 1143873 (-0.52)

State Level

- Mortality Rate
  - Neonatal mortality rate (NNMR): 15.1 Urban, 16.2 Rural, 15.8 Total
  - Infant mortality rate (IMR): 21.4 Urban, 27.8 Rural, 25.4 Total
  - Under-five mortality rate (U5MR): 24.5 Urban, 32.5 Rural, 29.5 Total

Total Population: 1020791

Density: 181

State Level

- Total Literacy: 61.43%
  - Male: 67.93%
  - Female: 54.92%
  - Rural: 57.95%
  - Urban: 78.39%

- No. of Schools: 1218
- No. of Teachers: 6090
- No. of Students: 12939 (includes pre-primary)

Workers - Total, Main and Marginal

- Total: 381408
  - Main workers: 272121
    - Male: 109287
    - Female: 48080
  - Marginal workers: 100285

Source: NSO, MoSPI, GoI 2020-21
Source: Unified District Information System for Education (UDISE+) 2020-21
Source: National Family Health Survey-5 2019-21
Source: Census of India 2011

Out of total pop. age 7 & above in its category
Demography

Census of India 2011:
The total population of the “Chamarajanagar” is 1020791 and out of this total population, urban population is 174974 (17%) and rural population is 845817 (83%). Female population in the district is 508560 (50%) and male population is 512231. Hence the sex ratio accounts as 993 females per 1000 males. The Scheduled Caste (SC) and Scheduled Tribe (ST) population is 259445 and 120219 respectively. The total number of households in the Chamarajanagar district is 244874. The Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act/Scheme (MNREGA) 2021-22 registered labour reports shows 219138 registered household with MNREGA in the district.

Literacy Levels

Overall literacy rate of Chamarajanagar is 61.43 percent, which is lower than the state literacy rate (75.36%). The rural-urban literacy is reported as 57.95 and 78.39 percent. There is a huge gap between the rural and urban literacy rates. Urban literacy is more than the overall district literacy rate. Gender-wise literacy rates indicate that, female literacy is 54.92% and it is lower than the male literacy rate. Male literacy rate is 67.93%, which is higher than the district literacy rate.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overall Literacy Rate (%)</th>
<th>Gender-wise Literacy Rate (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overall Literacy</td>
<td>Male literacy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61.43%</td>
<td>61.43%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural literacy</td>
<td>Female literacy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57.95%</td>
<td>54.92%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urban literacy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78.39%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Census of India 2011

Women Literacy | NFHS 5 (2019-21) |
--- | --- |
Women who are literate (%) | 72.4 |
Women with 10 or more years of schooling (%) | 41.7 |

Source: National Family Health Survey-5, 2019-21
The socio-economic profile of Karnataka indicates that, the state is a service sector oriented economy (57 percent). The Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP) at current prices for the year 2020-21 is accounted as 1730991 Rs.Cr. Among the sectors, service sector tops in value added followed by Industry and Manufacturing.

**GSDP Estimates**

Gross Value Added by Economic Activity (2020-21)

- **Manufacturing**: 2018-19: 11%, 2019-20: 18%, 2020-21: 4%
- **Construction**: 2018-19: 7%, 2019-20: 57%, 2020-21: 18%
- **Industry**: 2018-19: 5%, 2019-20: 5%, 2020-21: 11%
- **Banking and Insurance**: 2018-19: 4%
- **Services**: 2018-19: 57%

In terms of Per Capita NSDP, between 2018-19 and 2020-21, there is an increasing trend. In 2020-21, per capita NSDP of Karnataka is 236450.72 Rs.

**Per Capita NSDP of Karnataka (in Rs.)**


Source: NSO, MoSPI, GOI 2020-2021

**Worker Profile**

The worker profile of Chamarajanagar consist of 481693 total workers with 79 percent main workers and 21 percent marginal workers. The gender classification divides the population into 67 % male workers and 33 % female workers.

According to the Census 2011, the workers are further classified into cultivators, agricultural labour, household workers and others. In Chamarajanagar, the category of agricultural labour have the highest share in total workers and household workers have least.

**Main vs Marginal Workers**

- **Main workers**: 79%
- **Marginal workers**: 21%

Source: Census of India 2011
Unemployment in Karnataka

Centre for Monitoring Indian Economy (CMIE) ‘Unemployment Rate in India’ database provide estimates of the unemployment rate based on a panel size of over 178,000 households. Unemployment in India, statistical Profile published thrice in a year and the tables gives the state-wise estimates for January-April 2022.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>January - April 2022</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Urban</th>
<th>Rural</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Labour Participation Rate</td>
<td>Unemployment Rate</td>
<td>Labour Participation Rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Karnataka</td>
<td>39.83</td>
<td>2.51</td>
<td>37.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Unemployment in India, Centre for Monitoring Indian Economy (Jan-Apr 2022)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>January - April 2022</th>
<th>Population ('000s)</th>
<th>Labour Force</th>
<th>Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR)</th>
<th>Employed ('000s)</th>
<th>Unemployed (UE)</th>
<th>Greater Labour Force (GLF)</th>
<th>Unemployment Rate (UER) (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>58,419</td>
<td>23,270</td>
<td>39.83</td>
<td>22,685</td>
<td>585</td>
<td>24,618</td>
<td>2.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urban</td>
<td>24,919</td>
<td>9,269</td>
<td>37.2</td>
<td>8,997</td>
<td>272</td>
<td>10,314</td>
<td>2.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural</td>
<td>33,499</td>
<td>14,000</td>
<td>41.79</td>
<td>13,688</td>
<td>313</td>
<td>14,303</td>
<td>2.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>31,599</td>
<td>20,770</td>
<td>65.73</td>
<td>20,378</td>
<td>392</td>
<td>21,171</td>
<td>1.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>26,820</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>9.32</td>
<td>2,307</td>
<td>193</td>
<td>3,447</td>
<td>7.71</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Unemployment in India, Centre for Monitoring Indian Economy (CMIE), Jan-Apr 2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Principal Characteristics in Annual Survey of Industries</th>
<th>No. of Factories</th>
<th>Fixed Capital (Rs. Lakhs)</th>
<th>Productive Capital (Rs. Lakhs)</th>
<th>Invested Capital (Rs. Lakhs)</th>
<th>No. of Workers</th>
<th>No. of Total Persons Engaged</th>
<th>Wages to Workers (Rs. Lakhs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Karnataka</td>
<td>13,789</td>
<td>2,07,12,231</td>
<td>2,68,56,426</td>
<td>2,92,30,865</td>
<td>8,42,367</td>
<td>10,76,026</td>
<td>16,96,312</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All India</td>
<td>2,42,395</td>
<td>34,66,06,975</td>
<td>42,74,73,434</td>
<td>47,77,26,474</td>
<td>1,27,98,588</td>
<td>1,62,80,211</td>
<td>2,15,76,035</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Table-3, Annual Survey of Industries (2018-19)
Livelihood Profile

Forest Cover

Source: India State of Forest Report 2019

Land Holdings

Number & Area (hectares) of Land Holdings

Source: Agricultural Census 2015-16

Forest Cover in Chamarajanagar

Source: India State of Forest Report 2019

According to the MGNREGA Employment Generation report 2021-22, there are 54284 Scheduled Caste households, and 23194 Scheduled Tribes households were issued job cards.

Registered Household with MNREGA

Chamarajanagar 219138

Cumulative No. of Households issued job cards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>SCs</th>
<th>STs</th>
<th>Others</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chamarajanagar</td>
<td>54284</td>
<td>23194</td>
<td>140991</td>
<td>218469</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Karnataka</td>
<td>1358507</td>
<td>681534</td>
<td>5577570</td>
<td>7617611</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: MGNREGA, 2021-22

State Level:
Percentage Distribution of Usually Working Persons (PS+SS)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture Sector</td>
<td>46.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction Sector</td>
<td>6.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mining and Quarrying</td>
<td>0.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing Sector</td>
<td>12.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>0.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electricity</td>
<td>0.54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trade, Hotel, and Restaurant Sector</td>
<td>2.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport, Storage and Communication</td>
<td>5.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other services</td>
<td>0.74</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(PS: Principal Status ; SS: Secondary Status)

Source: Periodic Labour Force Survey 2019-20

District Forest Area (Sq. km) 2,724.19
Geographical Area (Sq. Km) 5,648
% of Geographical Area 48.23
% Change from previous assessment (2017) 4.19
Scrub (Sq. Km) 129
According to the Unified District Information System for Education (UDISE+) , there are 1218 schools functioning in the district. Primary schools, that is from 1st standard to 5th standard are 417 whereas upper-primary schools accounts for 504.

In terms of enrolment, total enrolment in the district, including the pre-primary schools is 12939 during 2020-21.. Enrolment during the same period, excluding pre-primary schools is 12927.
The UDISE+ data also provides the infrastructure and school facilities data at both State and district level. Among the indicators, 6 indicators are selected and provided here. While 98.85% of the schools functioning in Chamarajanagar district have electricity connection, 98.70% schools have functional electricity. Similarly, in terms of toilet facility, 97.95% schools have functional girl's toilet whereas it is 90.97% in the case of boy’s toilet. Drinking water is the most basic need and 98.11% of schools in Chamarajanagar provided functional drinking water facility in their schools. The overall WASH facility – drinking water, toilet and handwash is provided in 96.63% of schools. As per the data of 2020-21, only 15.11% of schools in Chamarajanagar have internet facility, whereas 82.21% schools have computer available with them.

### Basic Amenities

#### Improved Drinking Water source
- Source: National Family Health Survey-5, 2019-21
- 99.9%

#### Clean Fuel for Cooking
- Source: National Family Health Survey-5, 2019-21
- 89.0%

#### Improved Sanitation Facility
- Source: National Family Health Survey-5, 2019-21
- 75.2%

#### Electricity
- Source: National Family Health Survey-5, 2019-21
- 98.7%

**District level Average Out of Pocket Expenditure per delivery in Public Facility (Rs.)**

- **NFHS-5**: 4,270
- **NFHS-4**: 3,626

**Source:** National Family Health Survey-5, 2019-21

**State Level Out of Pocket Expenditure on Health**

NFHS-5 (2019-20) state report shows the average out-of-pocket expenditure per delivery in a public health facility is Rs. 4,954. According to NFHS 4 (2015-16), it was Rs. 4,824.

**Source:** National Family Health Survey-5, 2019-21

**NA:** Not Available
According to the Health Management Information System (HMIS) annual report 2019-20, there are five types of health facilities coming under every state health department - Sub Centres (SCs), Primary Health Centres (PHCs), Community Health Centres (CHCs), Sub-District Hospitals (SDHs) and District Hospitals (DHs), apart from Medical Colleges at the top.

In the case of district profile, number of medical colleges per district is very limited or rare.

The health facilities pyramid shows the structure of institutions serving the population in both rural and urban areas. There are 20 medical colleges in the state of Karnataka as per 2019.

In Chamarajanagar district, there are no district hospital, 3 community health centres, 64 primary health centres and 256 sub-centres as per 2018 data.

**Insights from NFHS-5**

**State level**
- Infant Mortality Rate (2019-21) – 25.4 %

**District level**
- Institutional Births (2019-21) – 100.0 %

NFHS-5 also provides information regarding the nutritional status of women and children.
- 68.7 percent of children aged between 6-59 months are anaemic.
- Women in the age group of 15-49 also shows high incidence of anaemia (46.3 percent).

One of the major indicators on vaccination is – vaccination from private and Government facility. In Chamarajanagar, children of age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility is 94.8 percent. 95.5 percent of the children aged between 12-23 months received the three doses of polio vaccine, as per NFHS 5.