



District Profile Chittorgarh, Rajasthan



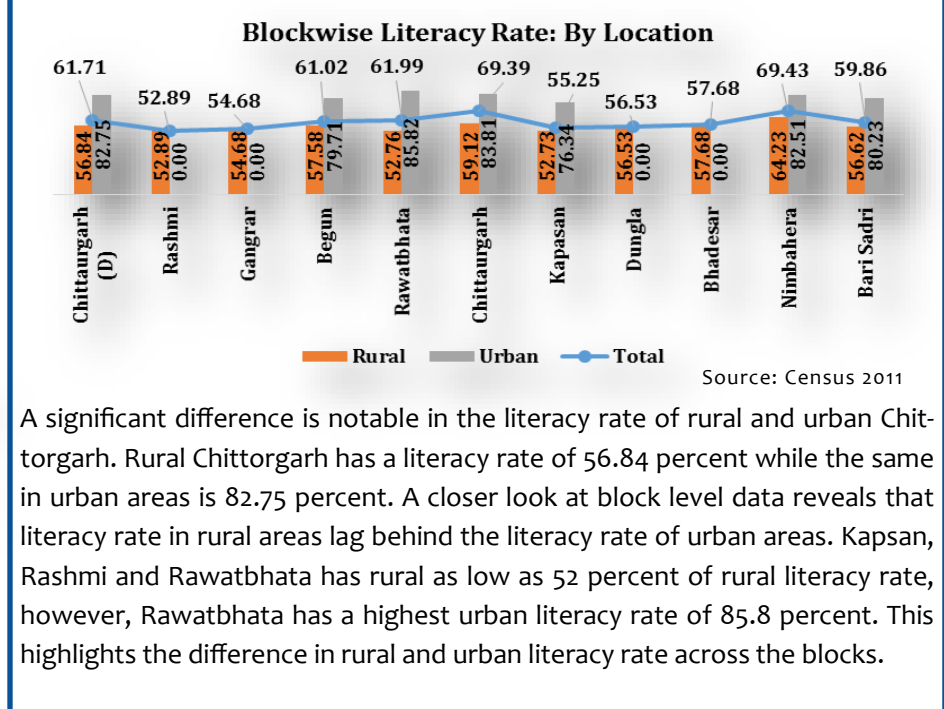
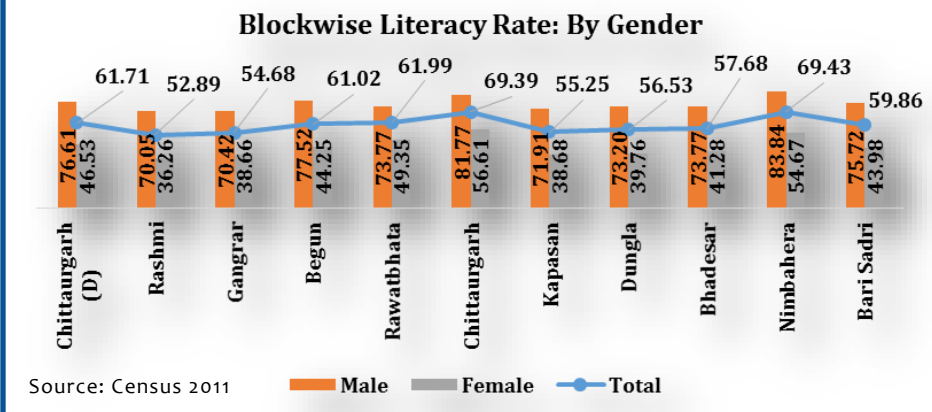
Chittorgarh is located in the southern part of Rajasthan, it is known for its Rajputana pride and chivalry. It covers approximately 3.17 percent of the total area of the state. Chittorgarh is located on the banks of river Gambhiri and Berach (a tributary of Banas). Apart from historical monuments and forts, it has a vast flora and fauna reserves, which also attracts tourist. Chittorgarh has ten tehsils and 1730 villages.

DEMOGRAPHY

As per Census 2011, the total population of Chittorgarh is 1544338. The percentage of urban population in Chittorgarh is 18.47 and percentage of rural population is 81.52 percent. Out of the total population there are 783171 males and 761167 females in the district. This gives a sex ratio of 972 females per 1000 males which is more than the state average of 928. The district population density is 197.4 in 2011. The Scheduled Caste population in the district is 16.20 percent while Scheduled Tribe comprises 13.05 percent of the population.

LITERACY

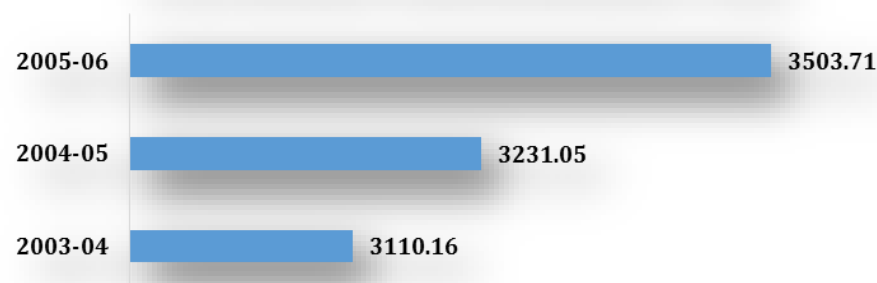
The overall literacy rate of district is 61.71 percent while the male & female literacy rate is 76.61 and 46.53 percent respectively. At the block level, a significant variation is noticeable in male-female literacy rate. Nimbaher block has the highest male literacy rate of 83.84 percent, similarly, Chittorgarh block has the highest, 56.61 percent of female literacy rate in the district. Rashmi has the lowest female and male literacy rate, 36.26 & 70 percent respectively.



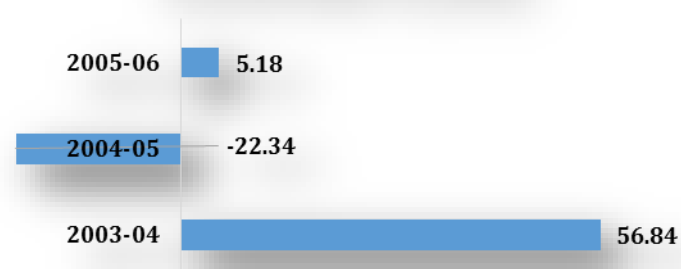
A significant difference is notable in the literacy rate of rural and urban Chittorgarh. Rural Chittorgarh has a literacy rate of 56.84 percent while the same in urban areas is 82.75 percent. A closer look at block level data reveals that literacy rate in rural areas lag behind the literacy rate of urban areas. Kapsan, Rashmi and Rawatbhata has rural as low as 52 percent of rural literacy rate, however, Rawatbhata has a highest urban literacy rate of 85.8 percent. This highlights the difference in rural and urban literacy rate across the blocks.

SOCIO-ECONOMIC PROFILE

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (in Rs. Crore)



Growth Rate % (YOY)



Source: Chittorgarh Human Development Report 2009, GOI

The above two charts provides data on GDP and growth rate of Chittorgarh over a period of three years from 2003-04 to 2005-06. Chart shows that the GDP of Chittorgarh has increased over they years. In 2003-04, it was Rs.3110 while in 2005-06, it became Rs. 3503. It also shows that growth rate of Chittorgarh has increased from 2003 to 2006. The growth rate of Chittorgarh has increased from 3.86 percent in 2004-05 to 8.4 percent in 2005-06.

The percentage of main workers in the total workforce in Chittorgarh is 81.83 percent which is significantly more than the State main workers (70.46 percent) as per Census 2011.

Among the four categories, Cultivators alone form about 56.46 percent of all workers while agricultural labourers forms 15.38 percent. The catchall category 'Other Workers' form about 26.24 percent of the entire working population of the district. Apart from these, household workers includes 1.92 percent of It includes forms of employment in secondary and tertiary sector . It shows that Majority of the workforce are engaged in agricultural labour.



Cultivators—
56.46 percent



Agricultural
Labourer—
15.28 percent



Household
Workers—1.92
percent



Other Workers—
2.24

Source: Census 2011

In terms of work participation rate (WPR) in the district, the male WPR is 58.31 percent whereas for female it is 45.47 percent.

In Bhadesar male WPR is 60.98 percent and female WPR is 54.34 percent in Dungla, the highest among all blocks.

Rawatbhata has the lowest male WPR, at 55.93 percent; while Chittorgarh (36.92 percent) has the lowest female WPR.

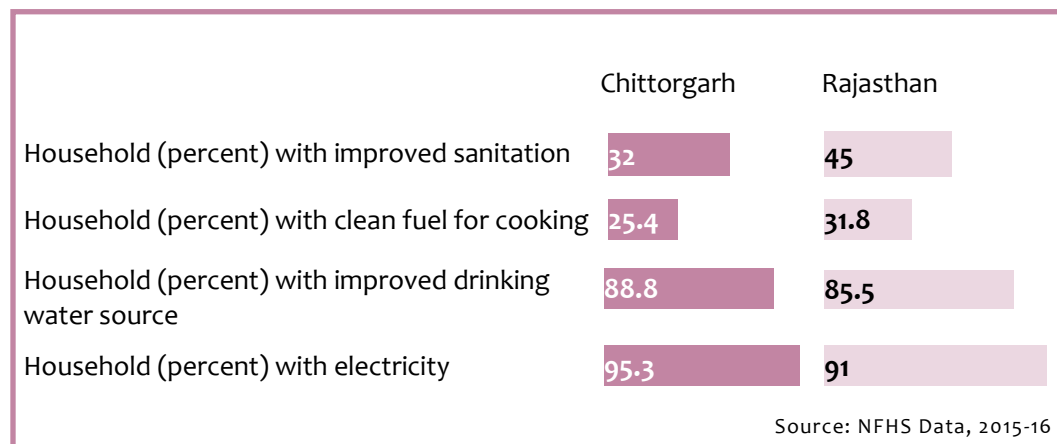
Work Participation Rate

	Male	Female
Chittorgarh (D)	58.31%	45.47%
Rashmi	59.14%	54.23%
Gangrar	58.91%	48.73%
Begun	58.27%	49.38%
Rawatbhata	55.93%	37.47%
Chittorgarh	56.91%	36.92%
Kapasan	58.71%	47.14%
Dungla	60.45%	54.34%
Bhadesar	60.98%	53.13%
Nimbahera	58.01%	41.22%
Bari Sadri	58.99%	52.30%

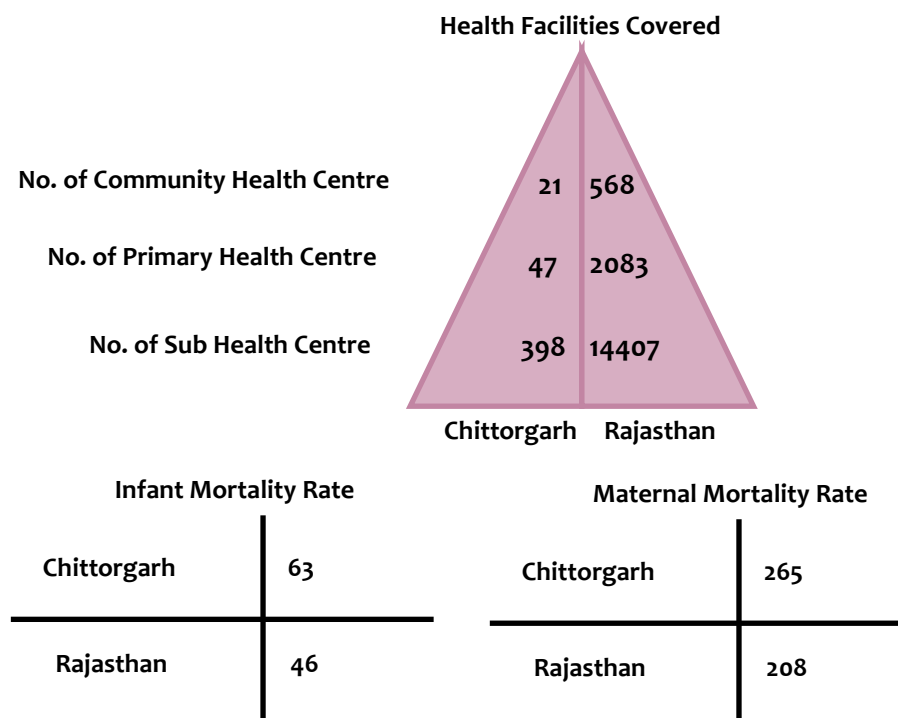
Source: Census 2011

BASIC AMENITIES & HEALTH

As per NFHS IV, in Rajasthan there is just 45 percent of household have improved sanitation, while the figure Chittorgarh is even less than the state average as it has just 25.4 percent of households with improved sanitation. The same source suggests that only 25.4 percent of household in Chittorgarh and 31.8 percent of household in state use clean fuel for cooking. Apart from sanitation facility and clean fuel, 32 percent of household have improved drinking water source in Chittorgarh. 95.3 percent of household in Chittorgarh have electricity while 91 percent of household in state have access to electricity.



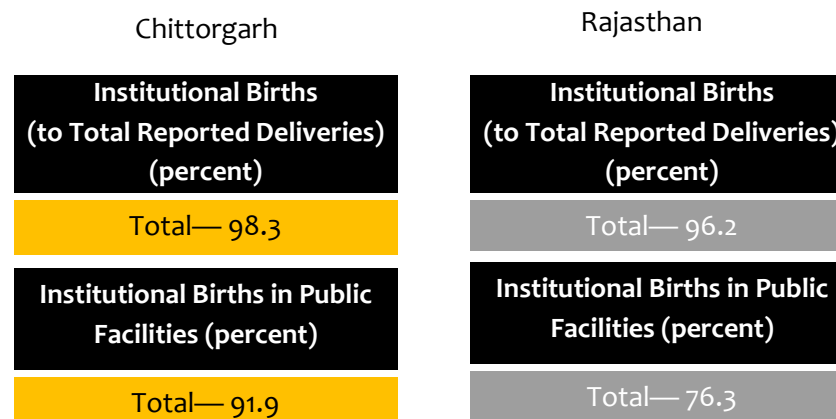
In terms of health facilities, besides a district hospital, there is a network of sub-health centres (SHCS/Sub-HCs), Primary Health Centres (PHCs) and Community Health Centres (CHCs) across the district. CHCs have the highest spread, followed by PHCs and then sub-health centres. Hence, CHCs and PHCs cater to a higher proportion of population than sub-health centres. The Sub-Centre is the most peripheral and first contact point between the primary health care system and the community. There is a PHC for 6 Sub-Centres while CHCs act as a referral unit for 4 PHCs.



Source: HMIS 2015-16, Rural Health Statistics 2015

Institutional Births*

The overall percentage of institutional births recorded in Chittorgarh and Rajasthan varies moderately. In Chittorgarh 98.3 percent institutional births are recorded and in the state it is 96.2 percent. However, institutional birth record rate in public healthcare units in the district is 91.9 percent and it is 76.3 percent in Rajasthan.



* for births in the 5 years before survey

Source: HMIS 2015-16, Rural Health Statistics 2015

EDUCATIONAL STATUS — DISTRICT

(Government Schools include schools administered under Central Government, Local Bodies, Tribal and Social Welfare Department and Department of Education)

Chittorgarh has 1915 Govt. schools, of which 1912 are till elementary grade. The district has 75 contractual teachers.

Out of total Govt. schools in Chittorgarh, 553 elementary schools have Anganwadi Centres. In other words, total 28.88 percent of government schools have AWCs.

In Chittorgarh, a typical school has 5.40 teachers on average at elementary to higher secondary grade, while it is approximately 4.4 teachers at the elementary level.

Pupil Teacher Ratio (PTR) at the elementary level is 18 in Chittorgarh, while it is 19 across schools with elementary to higher secondary grades.

Government Schools– Elementary to Hr. Secondary Grade

Government Schools– Elementary Grade Only

	553	Number of school having AWC*	553	
	1915	Number of school	1912	
	199753	Total enrolment (excluding AWC)	152456	
Boys enrolment is 1.02 times higher than girls enrolment	100819	Boys enrolment	75619	Girls enrolment is 1.02 times higher than boys enrolment
	98934	Girls enrolment	76837	
	8476	Total teachers	8452	
	75	Contractual teachers	75	
Male teachers are 2.22 times more than female teachers	5847	Male teachers	5829	Male teachers are 2.22 times more than female teachers
	2629	Female teachers	2623	
	5.40	Average number of teachers per school	4.4	
	19	Pupil teacher ratio	18	

*Anganwadi Centres



Source: DISE, 2015-16

School Facilities

As far as provision of infrastructure facilities are concerned, 1907 elementary schools and 1910 all grade schools have school buildings. Library facilities in available 1602 all grade government schools of Chittorgarh. Out of the total schools, only 1919 all grade government schools have girls toilet .

Average Annual Dropout Rate

Data on drop-out rate in Govt. schools in Chittorgarh at the Primary level is 1.15. It is seen to increase as one moves across higher grades. It is 0.89 percent at the Upper Primary level, 25.6 percent at Secondary level. At the Higher Secondary level drop-out rate, however, falls to 2.73 percent.

Higher Secondary	1.4%	 <p>Average Dropout Rate is seen to steadily increase for both boys and girls across higher grades. Only at the higher secondary level dropout rate recedes, for both boys (1.4%) and girls (4.27%).</p> 	4.27%	Higher Secondary
Secondary	28%		22.8%	Secondary
Upper Primary	-		2.19%	Upper Primary
Primary	0.34%		1.92%	Primary

Source: DISE, 2015-16

EDUCATIONAL STATUS — BLOCK

Anganwadi Centres (AWCs)

Among the 11 blocks of Chittorgarh, Badi Sadri has the highest percentage of school with AWCs, 42.31 percent followed by Gangrar with 41.46 percent and Kapasan with 38.81 percent. On the contrary, Bhopal Sagar has just 17.54 percent schools with AWCs. In the entire district, out of 1915 schools, only 553 schools have AWCs.

Blocks like Begun, Bhainsroadgarh and Nimbahera have just 20 percent of the government schools with AWCs in their premise.

Blocks	No. of schools having AWCs	Total number of schools	Percentage of schools with AWCs
All Schools			
Badi Sadri	66	156	42.31
Begun	53	238	22.27
Bhadesar	56	185	30.27
Bhainsroadgarh	38	184	20.65
Bhopal Sagar	20	114	17.54
Chittorgarh	89	282	31.56
Dungla	42	149	28.19
Gangrar	68	164	41.46
Kapasan	52	134	38.81
Nimbahera	49	188	26.06
Rashmi	20	121	16.53
All Blocks	553	1915	28.88

Source: DISE, 2015-16

EDUCATIONAL STATUS — BLOCK

Blocks	No. of Schools	Enrolment			Pupil Teacher Ratio		
		Boys	Girls	Total	Primary Only	Primary with Upper Primary	Total
Badi Sadri	156	8083 (49.64%)	8199 (50.36%)	16282	18	22	20
Begun	238	9933 (50.59%)	9700 (49.41%)	19633	21	19	20
Bhadesar	185	9499 (52.34%)	8650 (47.66%)	18149	19	22	19
Bhainsroadgarh	184	11108 (50.99%)	10676 (49.01%)	21784	21	19	24
Bhopal Sagar	114	5485 (51.2%)	5227 (48.8%)	10712	20	19	19
Chittorgarh	282	16273 (49.83%)	16384 (50.17%)	32657	20	21	19
Dungla	149	7183 (50.88%)	6935 (49.12%)	14118	27	20	20
Gangrar	164	7823 (51.46%)	7380 (48.54%)	15203	16	20	20
Kapasan	134	7157 (52.28%)	6533 (47.72%)	13690	15	17	17
Nimbahera	188	11949 (48.43%)	12725 (51.57%)	24674	19	21	19
Rashmi	121	6326 (49.23%)	6525 (50.77%)	12851	16	17	16
All Blocks	1915	100819 (50.47%)	98934 (49.53%)	199753	20	20	19

Source: DISE, 2015-16

Chittorgarh has a total of 10 block with 1915 Government schools. Bhopal Sagar block has 282 Govt. schools, the highest among all blocks, while Bhainsroadgarh has only 121 Govt. schools which is the lowest number of schools any block has. Enrolment rate of boys and girls are more or less similar across the district. In Govt. schools of Chittorgarh, boys enrolment accounts for 50.47 percent and girls enrolment is 49.53 percent. Bhadesar has the highest percentage (52.35%) of boys enrolment among all blocks and Nimbahera has the highest percentage of girls enrolment (51.57%). The overall PTR of the district for primary, upper primary is 20, 20 and 19 respectively. Across the blocks, PTR for all the grades have been balanced.

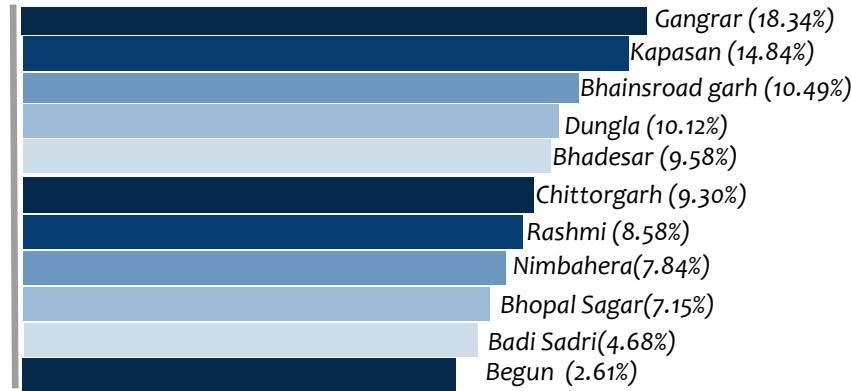
Blocks	Teachers			Contractual Teachers			Average no. of teachers per school		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Primary Only	Primary with Upper Primary	Total
Badi Sadri	522	119	641	1	0	1	1.76	4.96	5.13
Begun	616	187	803	0	1	1	1.47	5.13	4.20
Bhadesar	596	197	793	4	1	5	1.62	4.92	5.25
Bhainsroadgarh	470	292	762	15	10	25	1.76	5.78	4.86
Bhopal Sagar	372	103	475	2	1	3	1.50	5.44	4.99
Chittorgarh	749	648	1397	3	0	3	1.71	4.83	6.24
Dungla	442	111	553	3	2	5	1.43	5.61	4.62
Gangrar	420	267	687	12	6	18	1.86	5.31	4.67
Kapasan	492	195	687	8	2	10	1.79	5.36	6.03
Nimbahera	636	389	1025	0	0	0	1.78	5.57	6.78
Rashmi	532	121	653	4	0	4	2.00	5.45	6.69
All Blocks	5847	2629	8476	52	23	75	1.66	5.26	5.4

Source: DISE, 2015-16

Professional Qualification of Teachers

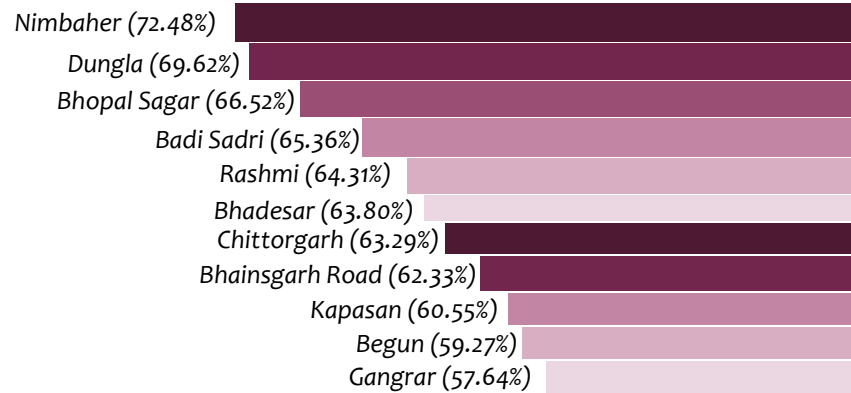
District Chittorgarh	B.El. Ed. (9.33%)	B.Ed. or equivalent (65.66%)	Others (23.43%)
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Teachers qualified with a B.El.Ed. Degree in Chittorgarh



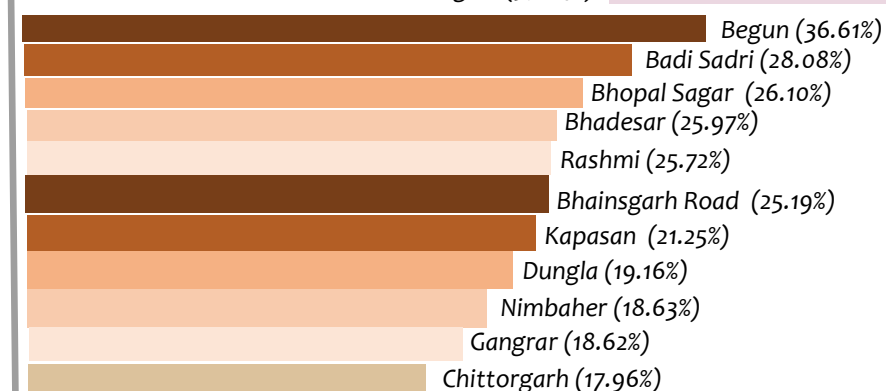
In terms of professional qualifications, a meagre 9.33 percent of teachers have a B.El.Ed. degree only in the district. Gangrar block has the highest proportion of teachers with B.El.Ed. degree (18.34percent).

Another 65.66 percent have B.Ed. degrees as well in the district. Among the blocks, Nimbaher has the highest percentage of B.Ed. qualified teachers, 72.48 percent followed by Dungla 69.62 percent



Teachers qualified with a B.Ed. or equivalent Degree in Chittorgarh

Teachers qualified with any other* degree in Chittorgarh



Around 23.43% of the total teaching cadre hold degrees other than a B.Ed. or a B.El.Ed.

Source: DISE, 2015-16

There is a significant proportion of the population in blocks across the district with no professional degree (0.74 percent).

* other category includes teachers with professional degree equivalent to M. Ed or equivalent, Others, Diploma in Teacher Training and Diploma or Degree in Special Educa-

This is a preliminary report published based on publicly available data. Some of the issues discussed in the report are complex in nature and need further investigation and analysis. This publication is freely available for sharing for non-commercial purposes, and without any change, subject to due credit to the publisher.